## Ballistic Calculator RT12



Universal artillery calculator: 6400 / 6000 mil, MGRS, CK42, Lt/Lg, METCM / Метео11, multilingual day/night interface, boussole, astronavigation.

Range tables for the systems: 2S5, 2A36, 2S19, 2A65, 2S3, 2A33, 2S7, 2A18, 2S19, MT12, 2S12, 2B14, 2B9 and projectiles: OF29, OF45, OF25, OF540, ZOF43, OF24, OF462, BK3, OF15, OF843B, O832. Enables setting-up and customization of additional tables.

Available on Google Play Store.

## Functionality

Enables rapidly deployable and accurate all-weather twenty-four-hour fires in a fluid battlespace. Ensures the agility required in an environment of high-tempo non-linear battlefields with constant moves from one firing position to another. Enables laying the battery using the smartphone's composite sensor.

Allows for transition between the range tables for a variety of rocket or round types, should the artillery officer decide to utilize varied ammunition across a short timespan.

Operates with 6400 mil, 6000 mil and 360 -degrees angle measurement systems and with MGRS, SK42 or Geographical cartographic systems.

To ensure full autonomy of operation, the system can be used as GPSindependent with an ability to automatically modify the user's position supported by astronavigation and geodesic functionality.


Organic dark theme (night) view. English, French, German or Ukrainian interfaces.
Meteorological data in Метeo-11 or METCM formats.

## Navigation:

The no-frills smart-phone interface is carefully engineered for maximum convenience, efficiency and consistent performance on a broad range of Android devices.

All navigation is done by clicking/sliding on images, icons, arrows, words or numbers. There are no dropdown menus. Selection from a list of items is done by multiple clicking. For example, the selection of a desired language is done by clicking on a displayed language in the setup until it is as required.

All lists are revolving. Clicking $\uparrow$ or $\downarrow$ pushes the list by one line up or down.
Most changes after a single click are immediately recorded in the data base and instantly impact the entire application. A single exception to a one-click principle is the re-set of the data base to original 'as purchased' data. Due to its broad impact, it requires an additional confirmation by a second click.

There is no un-do button - all changes are irreversible. However, the application is designed in a way that any changes other than the one described above, have a limited scope, so while they cannot be un-done, they can be easily re-done.

## Schema notation:

| Firing <br> position | 101 | Target | Observer |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Wind <br> direction | $X$ | Observed blast | Max range |

## Home view



All basic information needed for the determination of fire commands for pieces is displayed on the top of the home view (referred to as "status bar"):

Tgt Target (concentration) number.
Ch Selected charge: Full, Reduced, Base, Super-charge, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 .
OOR Out of Range
El Quadrant Elevation in the selected units: mils/60, mils/64, degrees, mils/60M (used for some mortars so $45 \mathrm{deg}=1000 \mathrm{mils}$ )
R / L Right / Left from ZL
C/S Converge / Open sheaf

The above basic info is followed by some additional data:
$\boldsymbol{\theta} \quad$ Angle of fall in degrees
ZL Grid Azimuth of Zero Line of fire in the selected units: mils/60, mils/64, degrees.
Ti Time of flight in seconds
As Selected artillery system.
Sh Selected projectile and deviation of its weight.
Clicking on the status bar switches between 1) basic information and 2) details of meteorological and ballistic adjustments.

## Bottom navigation bar:

The bottom bar options lead to the main domains:


Selection of artillery system, type of projectile, fuze, charge and review (or input) tabular firing range tables.

Ballistic deviations, Projectile weight deviation and Meteorological data.

Coordinates and other basic geometry for Firing position, Target and Observer.

Boussole / Compass: Offers a possibility for laying the battery based on device's composite sensor.

Correction: 1) Right/Left/Over/Short or 2) N/S/E/W.

Setup: selection of language, MGRS / SK42 / Geo coordinate system, Day/Night, METCM / Метео11, Air Pressure units of measurement, Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$, Wind direction Degrees / Mils-64 / Mils-60, re-stating of the original settings.
(1) Exit.

## Range tables

Clicking on the schema rotates among: Artillery system $\rightarrow$ Projectile/Fuze $\rightarrow$ Charge $\rightarrow$ Range table records $\rightarrow$ Artillery system.

Systems 1001 and 1002 and projectile 1000 are customizable to configure a desired range table when it is not readily available in the built-in data-base.

## Bottom navigation bar:



In the review mode, transfers to the home view. The selected system, projectile and charge will be retained for the calculations.
In the edit mode (systems 1001 and 1002 only) will exit editing without saving the entered data.


Saves the customized firing table records (systems 1001 and 1002 only).


Switches between the artillery system, projectile, charge and firing table views.


Switches artillery systems, projectiles, charges or scrolls the firing table records.

Pre-set configurations:

| System | Projectile / Fuze | Charge |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2S5 | OF29 | $2 / 1 / \mathrm{R} / \mathrm{F}$ |
| 2A36 | OF29 | $2 / 1 / \mathrm{R} / \mathrm{F}$ |
| 2S19 | OF45 | $5 / 4 / 3 / 2 / \mathrm{F} / \mathrm{S}$ |
| 2A65 | OF45 | $5 / 4 / 3 / 2 / \mathrm{F} / \mathrm{S}$ |
| 2A65 | OF25; OF-540; OF-540Zh | $5 / 4 / 3 / 2 / \mathrm{F}$ |
| 2S3 | OF540 / RGM2 | $6 / 5 / 4 / 3 / 2 / 1 / \mathrm{F}$ |
| 2S3 | OF540 / B90 | $3 / 2 / 1 / \mathrm{F}$ |
| 2A33 D-20 | OF540 / RGM2 | $6 / 5 / 4 / 3 / 2 / 1 / \mathrm{F}$ |
| 2S7 | ZOF43 | $3 / 2 / 1 / \mathrm{F}$ |
| 2A18 D-30 | OF24 | $4 / 3 / 2 / 1 / \mathrm{R} / \mathrm{F}$ |
| 2S1 2S19 | OF462 | $4 / 3 / 2 / 1 / \mathrm{R} / \mathrm{F}$ |
| MT12 | BK3 | F |
| MT12 | OF15 | F |
| 2S12 | OF843B | $1 / 2 / 3 / 4 / 5 / 6 / \mathrm{S}$ |
| 2B14 | O832 | B/1/2/3/S |
| 2B9 | O832 | F |

## Variables:

As Selection of an artillery system.
Sh Selection of a projectile.
Ch Selection of a charge: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, Full, Reduced, Base, Super-charge.
caliber Can be customized for the systems 1001 and 1002.
Caliber UoM Caliber units of measurement: $\mathrm{mm} /$ in
Azimuth UoM Azimuth units of measurement: mils/60, mils/64, degrees
Spin Rifling of the tube: Right, Left (Japanese systems) or No (mortars)

El UoM
max
min Minimum elevation in the chosen UoM (cannot be less than zero)
mass Weight of projectile
weight UoM Weight units of measurement: kg / lb
range Radius in meters
Muzzle velocity In meters per second
Rn Range in meters
El
$\Delta Z d$
$\Delta \mathbf{Z w}$
$\Delta X w$
$\Delta \mathbf{X h}$
$\Delta X^{\circ}$ air
$\Delta X t^{\circ} \mathbf{c h}$

Elevation

Drift
Wind component perpendicular to the direction of fire
Wind component parallel to the direction of fire
Impact of air pressure
Impact of $10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ variation in air temperature on a variation in range Impact of $10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ variation in propelling charge temperature on a variation in range

## Meteorological and Ballistic Data, Projectile weight deviation

Clicking on the schema rotates among the altitudes: $200 \mathrm{~m} \rightarrow 500 \mathrm{~m} \rightarrow 1000 \mathrm{~m} \rightarrow 1500 \mathrm{~m} \rightarrow \ldots \rightarrow 30000 \mathrm{~m}$. METEO-11 vs METCM are selected in the Setup.


## Bottom navigation bar:



Go to the home view without saving.


Save the data.


Switch to the next / previous altitude layer.


Switch to the next / previous altitude layer.

For the operational convenience, the entered data gets copied upwards, for example a record for the altitude 1000 m gets copied to the altitudes $1500 \mathrm{~m}, 2000 \mathrm{~m}$ and so on till the 30000 m . As a result, data must be entered bottom up.

## Coordinates

Clicking on the schema rotates among:

1. Firing position

2. Target

101
3. Observer


The application operates with both 6400 mil and 6000 mil angle measurement systems, measurement in degrees and with MGRS, SK42 or Geographical cartographic systems in both hemispheres. Neither polar regions nor Norway zones are supported.

Spheroid semi-diameters: SK42: 6378245 м X 6356863.019 м
MGRS: $\quad 6378137$ м X 6356752.314 м
There is a difference between MGRS and SK-42 interfaces - MGRS zone takes place of the position/target name, which is moved to the status bar. Notation of the grid zone designator (GZD) according to MGRS-New AA schema.


Status bar indicates the distance from the selected firing position to the selected target.
Clicking on the Charge (Ch) in the firing position sub-view transfers to the charge selection.
Any input data gets verified and automatically adjusted in case of inconsistencies. For example, there must be at least two guns in a battery. If a user enters zero guns, upon saving, the system will automatically replace zero with two.

## Bottom navigation bar:



Go to the home view with saving of selected firing position, target and observer.


Get GPS data. Requires enabled GPS positioning.


Only in Target view if there was already taken a photo from the selected Observer point. Displays targets on the taken photo and enables direct geo solutions.


Google Maps.


Save the data.


Switches between firing position, target and observation point.


Switches recorded positions, targets or points.


In "Target" view, if there was a photo taken from the selected observer position, then the angle of the target orientation gets replaced by azimuth, elevation, and distance from the selected observer point:


Changing these azimuth, elevation, and distance triggers automatic recalculation of the target XY coordinates and the altitude $h$, and vice-versa.

Navigation can also be facilitated by Google Maps:

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## Boussole

If the device is equipped to determine its orientation, then it can be used for laying the battery. Please, note that the accuracy might be totally insufficient for your purposes.

Clicking on the home page switches on the Boussole. The true azimuth, azimuth adjusted to meridian convergence and "red-scale" are displayed on the very top of the interface.


When the Sun and / or Moon are above the horizon, there are also indicated their azimuths and elevations for the selected fire position (or observer) and date/time.

The current time might be re-set to any other date/time after January 1, 2000.
The user can also select among "Left edge", "Center" and "Right edge" of the selected celestial body.

## Bottom navigation bar:



Go to the home view without saving the selected date/time.


Take a photo of a target area (observer) or a firing position (for laying the battery).


Astronavigation


Points of interest other than targets, observers or firing positions


Switches between firing position and observation point.


Images might be scaled up and navigated otherwise.
Clicking on the status bar (top) of the point-of-interest screen changes the selected (red) image type.

## Photo

## Scenarios:

- Detection of potential targets - azimuth and elevation of the pixel in the crosshair are displayed below the photo.
- Laying the battery.
- Adjustment of fire for effect by capturing the azimuth and elevation of the observed blast.
- Surveillance (not available in the current version).

To enable the above scenarios, the system automatically determines azimuth and elevation of each pixel of the taken photo (this functionality will be significantly enhanced in the future versions). The determined parameters can be manually adjusted by explicitly entering azimuth, elevation and (optionally) distance after directly clicking on the corresponding values below the photo. After the entered values are saved, the entire photo gets automatically re-calculated.


Another way of manual adjustment of the photo's azimuth and elevation, is to match one of the automatically identified objects (selected by the right-left controls) to a target (selected by the up-down controls).

In target setting, it is always assumed that the photo is taken from the selected observer's position.

Laying the battery (the "red scale" indicator) and adjustment of fire for effect by capturing the azimuth and elevation of the observed blast.


## Bottom navigation bar:



Go to the Boussole view.


Links the selected object to the selected target.
The selection is made as described below.


Take a photo of target area (observer) or firing position (for laying the battery)


Switches between automatically detected objects.


Switches between targets. The selected target is red, all other are white.
Only targets closer than 10 km are displayed.

## Adjustment of fire for effect

Schema notation:


Clicking on the schema rotates among 1) Right/Left/Over/Short and 2) N/S/E/W.


An observer inputs sensing with relation to the OT line, the calculator provides fire directions as corrections in Elevation and Azimuth.

Range is sensed as Over, Short or Target (0). Deviations are sensed as Right, Left, or Line (0).

## Bottom navigation bar:



Go to the home view without saving the entered corrections.


Enter Right / Left or East / West.


Enter Over / Short or North / South.

## Setup

Key parameters:

- Language: English, French, German, Ukrainian
- Coordinate system: MGRS, CK42, Geo
- Interface: Day / Night
- Temperature: Censius / Fahrenheit
- Air Pressure units of measurement
- METEO-11 / METCM

Back to original settings: $0+0$.


